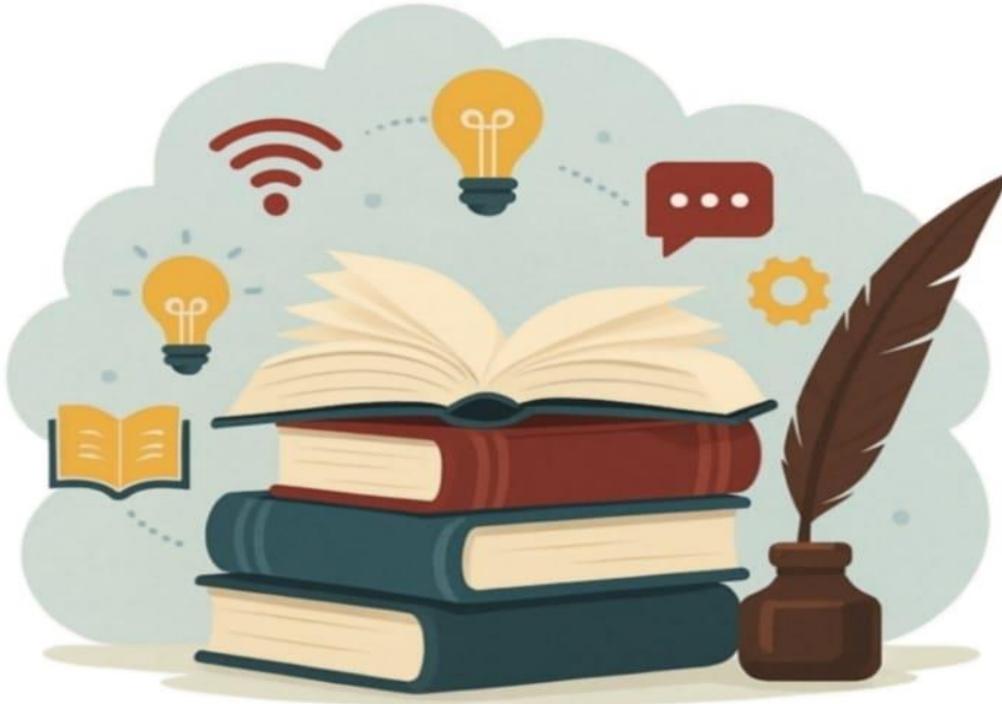




**KHALID
HAROON**

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Today's learners,
Tomorrow's leaders.



English Literature

ملخصات تخصص الأدب الإنجليزي

EL112 Unit 3 Voc



ملخصات البروفيسور



EL112: THEME (3) CULYURE

VOCABULARY:

الكلمة	المعنى	الشرح والمثال
Access	وصول / دخول	The act of obtaining or reaching something; entry or admission. <u>Example:</u> Students have free access to the university library. للطلاب وصول مجاني إلى مكتبة الجامعة
Artefact	قطعة أثرية / عمل إنساني قديم	An object made by a human being, typically of historical or cultural significance. <u>Example:</u> The museum displayed ancient artefacts from Egypt. عرض المتحف قطعاً أثرية قديمة من مصر
Artistic	فني / ذو طابع إبداعي	Related to or characterized by creative expression, such as in art or performance. <u>Example:</u> She has a very artistic talent for painting. تمتلك موهبة فنية كبيرة في الرسم
Assume	يفترض / يظن	To take for granted without proof; suppose. <u>Example:</u> Don't assume that everyone agrees with your opinion. لا تفترض أن الجميع يوافقون على رأيك
Attitude	موقف / طريقة تفكير	A settled way of thinking or feeling about someone or something. <u>Example:</u> Your positive attitude can inspire others. يمكن لموقفك الإيجابي أن يلهم الآخرين
Behave	يتصرف / يسلك	To conduct oneself in a particular manner; act. <u>Example:</u> Children should learn how to behave politely in public. يجب على الأطفال أن يتعلموا كيف يتصرفون بأدب في الأماكن العامة
Behaviour	سلوك / تصرف	The way in which a person acts or conducts themselves. <u>Example:</u> The teacher praised the student's good behaviour . أثنى المعلم على السلوك الجيد للطلاب
Celebrate	يحتفل	To observe or mark a special occasion or event with festivities. <u>Example:</u> People around the world celebrate New Year's Eve. يحتفل الناس حول العالم بليلة رأس السنة
Celebration	احتفال	A joyful observance or festivity. <u>Example:</u> The graduation celebration was full of happiness and music. كان احتفال التخرج مليئاً بالفرح والموسيقى
Commentary	تعليق / تفسير	An explanation or interpretation of an event, situation, or performance. <u>Example:</u> The reporter gave live commentary during the football match. المراسل تعليقاً مباشراً أثناء مباراة كرة القدم
Conduct	يقوم / يدير / سلوك	To carry out or manage a particular activity or behaviour; the manner in which a person behaves. <u>Example:</u> The teacher will conduct an experiment in class. سيُجري المعلم تجربة في الصف
Controversial	مثير للجدل	Causing disagreement or dispute; often due to differing opinions. <u>Example:</u> The new law is highly controversial among citizens. القانون الجديد مثير للجدل بين المواطنين
Converge	يلتقي / يتقارب	To come together or meet at a common point. <u>Example:</u> Rivers converge before flowing into the sea. تلتقي الأنهار قبل أن تصب في البحر



Convergence	التقاء / اندماج	The act or process of converging; the state of coming together. <u>Example:</u> The convergence of cultures creates diversity in big cities. يؤدي التقاء الثقافات إلى تنوع كبير في المدن الكبرى
Criticism	نقد / انتقاد	The expression of disapproval or analysis of something's merits or faults. <u>Example:</u> The movie received both praise and criticism from the audience. تلقى الفيلم مديحًا وانتقادات من الجمهور
Criticize	ينتقد	to express disapproval or find fault with something. <u>Example:</u> It's easier to criticize than to offer helpful advice. من السهل أن تنتقد أكثر من أن تقدم نصيحة مفيدة.
Cross-Cultural	متعدد الثقافات / بين الثقافات	Involving or relating to different cultures or cultural groups. <u>Example:</u> Cross-cultural communication is essential in international business. التواصل بين الثقافات ضروري في الأعمال الدولية
Culture	ثقافة	The customs, beliefs, arts, and social practices of a particular group or society. <u>Example:</u> Each country has its own unique culture and traditions. لكل بلد ثقافته وتقاليد الفريدة
Custom	عادة / تقليد	A traditional practice or way of doing something within a specific culture. <u>Example:</u> Shaking hands is a common custom in many countries. المصافحة عادة شائعة في كثير من البلدان
Deduction	استنتاج / خصم	The act of subtracting or taking away; a conclusion based on reasoning or evidence. <u>Example:</u> Through logical deduction , the detective solved the case. من خلال الاستنتاج المنطقي، حل المحقق القضية
Educated	متعلم / متقف	Having received formal education; knowledgeable. <u>Example:</u> An educated person continues to learn throughout life. الشخص المتعلم يواصل التعلم طوال حياته
Etiquette	آداب السلوك / اللباقة الاجتماعية	The customary code of polite behaviour in society or among a group. <u>Example:</u> Good table etiquette is important at formal dinners. آداب المائدة الجيدة مهمة في الولائم الرسمية
Formulate	يضع / يصيغ	To create, devise, or express in a systematic or organized manner. <u>Example:</u> The company will formulate a new strategy for marketing. ستضع الشركة استراتيجية جديدة للتسويق
Generation	جيل	A group of people born and living during the same time period. <u>Example:</u> The younger generation is more familiar with technology. الجيل الأصغر أكثر إلمامًا بالتكنولوجيا
Groundbreaking	رائد / مبتكر / ثوري	Innovative and pioneering; introducing new ideas or methods. <u>Example:</u> Her groundbreaking research changed modern medicine. أحدث بحثها الرائد تغييرًا في الطب الحديث
Iceberg	جبل جليدي	A large mass of ice floating in the sea, with a portion visible above the surface. <u>Example:</u> Only a small part of an iceberg is visible above water. فقط من الجبل الجليدي فوق سطح الماء يظهر جزء صغير
Impact	تأثير / يصدم	To have a strong effect on something; the forceful contact between two objects. <u>Example:</u> The new law had a positive impact on the economy. كان للقانون الجديد تأثير إيجابي على الاقتصاد
Influential	ذو نفوذ / مؤثر	Having the power to influence or affect outcomes or decisions. <u>Example:</u> He is one of the most influential leaders in the world. يُعد من أكثر القادة تأثيرًا في العالم.
Innovate	يبتكر / يجدد	To introduce new ideas, methods, or products; to be creative in problem-solving. <u>Example:</u> Companies must innovate to stay competitive. يجب على الشركات أن تبتكر لتظل قادرة على المنافسة.
Innovation	ابتكار / تجديد	The process of introducing new ideas, methods, or products. <u>Example:</u> Innovation is the key to success in modern business. الابتكار هو مفتاح النجاح في عالم الأعمال الحديثة



Intellectual	فكري / عقلي	Relating to or involving the intellect or exercise of the mind. <u>Example</u> : Reading books helps improve intellectual abilities. قراءة الكتب تساعد على تطوير القدرات الفكرية.
Monochronic	أحادي المهام / منظم بالوقت	Relating to a cultural preference for doing one thing at a time and valuing punctuality. <u>Example</u> : Monochronic cultures value time and prefer scheduled tasks. الثقافات الأحادية المهام تقدر الوقت وتفضل الالتزام بالمواعيد.
Obligation	التزام / واجب	A duty or commitment to do something; a moral or legal responsibility. <u>Example</u> : Parents have an obligation to care for their children. يتحمل الوالدان واجب رعاية أبنائهم
Originate	ينشأ / يبدأ / ينبع من	To have its starting point; to come into existence. <u>Example</u> : The idea originated from a student discussion. نشأت الفكرة من نقاش بين الطلاب
Permission	إذن / تصريح	Consent or authorization to do something. <u>Example</u> : You need permission to enter this building. تحتاج إلى إذن لدخول هذا المبنى
Pioneer	رائد / يبتكر أولاً	To be a leader or innovator in a field; a person who leads in a new area. <u>Example</u> : Steve Jobs was a pioneer in the technology industry. كان ستيف جوبز رائداً في مجال التكنولوجيا
Polychronic	متعدد المهام / مرن بالوقت	Relating to a cultural preference for doing multiple tasks at once and valuing flexibility. <u>Example</u> : Polychronic people can handle several activities at the same time. الأشخاص متعددي المهام يمكنهم التعامل مع عدة أنشطة في وقت واحد
Possibility	إمكانية / احتمال	A potential or prospective outcome or option. <u>Example</u> : There is a strong possibility of rain tomorrow. هناك احتمال قوي لهطول المطر غداً
Practice	ممارسة / عادة / تطبيق	The customary or habitual way of doing something; to perform a repetitive activity for improvement. <u>Example</u> : Daily practice is important for improving language skills. الممارسة اليومية مهمة لتحسين مهارات اللغة
Prediction	تنبؤ / توقع	A statement or estimate about something that may happen in the future. <u>Example</u> : The scientist made a prediction about climate change. قدم العالم تنبؤاً حول تغير المناخ
Proxemics	علم المسافات الاجتماعية في التواصل	The study of the use of space in communication. <u>Example</u> : Proxemics helps us understand personal space in different cultures. يساعد علم المسافات الاجتماعية في فهم مفهوم المسافة الشخصية في الثقافات المختلفة
Recommendation	توصية / اقتراح	A suggestion or proposal for what is best or advisable. <u>Example</u> : The teacher wrote a recommendation letter for her student. كتبت المعلمة رسالة توصية لطالبها
Researcher	باحث	A person who conducts investigations to gather information and knowledge. <u>Example</u> : The researcher collected data from various universities. جمع الباحث بيانات من عدة جامعات
Reward	مكافأة / يكافئ	To give something in return for effort or achievement; a prize or compensation. <u>Example</u> : The company rewarded its employees for their hard work. كافأت الشركة موظفيها على عملهم الجاد
Schedule	جدول / يُجدول	To plan or arrange for an event to happen at a specific time, a timetable or plan. <u>Example</u> : The meeting is scheduled for Monday morning. الاجتماع مُجدول صباح يوم الاثنين
Signify	يُشير إلى / يدل على	To convey or represent meaning; to be a sign or symbol of something. <u>Example</u> : A red light signifies that you must stop. الضوء الأحمر يدل على أنه يجب عليك التوقف
Stereotype	صورة نمطية / فكرة مسبقة	A widely held but oversimplified belief or idea about a particular type of person or thing. <u>Example</u> : It's unfair to judge people based on stereotypes . من الظلم الحكم على الناس بناءً على الصور النمطية



Survey	استبيان / يستطلع	To examine or assess something comprehensively; a study or investigation. <u>Example:</u> Students completed a survey about their study habits. أكمل الطلاب استبيانًا حول عاداتهم الدراسية
Theory	نظرية	A system of ideas or principles that explain a particular phenomenon. <u>Example:</u> Einstein's theory of relativity changed modern physics. غيرت نظرية أينشتاين في النسبية علم الفيزياء الحديث
Tolerance	تسامح / تقبل	The acceptance of different opinions, beliefs, or practices. <u>Example:</u> Cultural tolerance is essential for peaceful societies. التسامح الثقافي ضروري لقيام مجتمعات سلمية
Tolerate	يتسامح / يتقبل	To allow or accept something, especially opinions or behaviours one may not agree with. <u>Example:</u> She doesn't tolerate any form of disrespect. لا تتسامح مع أي شكل من أشكال قلة الاحترام
Tradition	تقليد / عادة متوارثة	A long-established custom, belief, or practice passed down through generations. <u>Example:</u> Celebrating national day is a cherished tradition . الاحتفال باليوم الوطني هو تقليد عزيز متوارث
Transcend	يتجاوز / يرتقي فوق	To rise above or go beyond the limits of a situation, typically in a spiritual or abstract context. <u>Example:</u> True art transcends time and culture. الفن الحقيقي يتجاوز حدود الزمان والثقافة
Transcendence	سمو / ارتقاء / تجاوز	The state or quality of being transcendent; surpassing ordinary limits. <u>Example:</u> Meditation helps achieve a sense of transcendence . يساعد التأمل على تحقيق إحساس بالسمو والارتقاء
Validate	يؤكد / يتحقق من صحة	To confirm or prove the accuracy or validity of something. <u>Example:</u> The scientist validated his results through repeated experiments. أكد العالم صحة نتائجه من خلال تجارب متكررة
Validation	تحقق / تأكيد / إثبات	The act of validating or the state of being validated. <u>Example:</u> The new software requires validation before use. يحتاج البرنامج الجديد إلى التحقق قبل الاستخدام
Value	قيمة / يُقدّر	The importance, worth, or usefulness of something; to regard something highly or assess its worth. <u>Example:</u> We should value honesty and hard work. يجب أن نُقدّر الصدق والعمل الجاد

Vocabulary

CHOOSE THE CORRECT WORD

1. Students have free _____ to the university library.

- a) behaviour
- b) artefact
- c) access** ✓
- d) innovation

2. The museum displayed ancient _____ from Egypt.

- a) culture
- b) artefacts** ✓
- c) theories
- d) customs



3. She has a very _____ talent for painting.

a) artistic ✓

- b) tolerant
- c) educated
- d) valuable

4. Don't _____ that everyone agrees with you.

a) assume ✓

- b) behave
- c) tolerate
- d) originate

5. Your positive _____ can inspire others.

a) attitude ✓

- b) theory
- c) schedule
- d) value

6. Children should learn how to _____ politely in public.

a) criticize

b) behave ✓

- c) innovate
- d) validate

7. The teacher praised the student's good _____.

a) impact

b) behaviour ✓

- c) value
- d) generation

8. People around the world _____ New Year's Eve.

a) survey

b) formulate

c) celebrate ✓

d) transcend

9. The graduation _____ was full of happiness.

a) commentary

b) celebration ✓

- c) validation
- d) innovation

10. The reporter gave live _____ during the football match.

a) commentary ✓

- b) theory
- c) survey
- d) custom



11. The teacher will _____ an experiment in class.

- a) **conduct** ✓
- b) tolerate
- c) signify
- d) originate

12. The new law is highly _____ among citizens.

- a) **controversial** ✓
- b) tolerant
- c) polychronic
- d) validated

13. The rivers _____ before flowing into the sea.

- a) originate
- b) **converge** ✓
- c) reward
- d) predict

14. The _____ of cultures creates diversity in big cities.

- a) **convergence** ✓
- b) validation
- c) artefact
- d) obligation

15. The movie received both praise and _____.

- a) critique
- b) commentary
- c) **criticism** ✓
- d) culture

16. It's easier to _____ than to offer advice.

- a) **criticize** ✓
- b) tolerate
- c) survey
- d) behave

17. _____ communication is essential in global business.

- a) **cross-cultural** ✓
- b) intellectual
- c) formal
- d) innovative

18. Each country has its own unique _____ and traditions.

- a) theory
- b) **culture** ✓
- c) behaviour
- d) artefact



19. Shaking hands is a common _____ in many countries.

- a) schedule
- b) value
- c) custom ✓**
- d) validation

20. Through logical _____, the detective solved the case.

- a) deduction ✓**
- b) innovation
- c) practice
- d) commentary

21. An _____ person continues to learn throughout life.

- a) educated ✓**
- b) artistic
- c) innovative
- d) monochronic

22. Good table _____ is important at formal dinners.

- a) tolerance
- b) etiquette ✓**
- c) prediction
- d) generation

23. The company will _____ a new strategy soon.

- a) originate
- b) formulate ✓**
- c) criticize
- d) conduct

24. The younger _____ is more familiar with technology.

- a) behaviour
- b) generation ✓**
- c) value
- d) obligation

25. Her _____ research changed modern medicine.

- a) groundbreaking ✓**
- b) educated
- c) traditional
- d) tolerant

26. Only a small part of an _____ is visible above water.

- a) innovation
- b) iceberg ✓**
- c) artefact
- d) impact



27. The new law had a positive _____ on the economy.

- a) tolerance
- b) impact ✓**
- c) innovation
- d) prediction

28. He is one of the most _____ leaders in the world.

- a) influential ✓**
- b) tolerant
- c) educated
- d) flexible

29. Companies must _____ to stay competitive.

- a) originate
- b) innovate ✓**
- c) tolerate
- d) conduct

30. _____ is the key to success in modern business.

- a) innovation ✓**
- b) attitude
- c) commentary
- d) tolerance

31. Reading books helps improve _____ abilities.

- a) intellectual ✓**
- b) artistic
- c) tolerant
- d) educated

32. _____ cultures value time and punctuality.

- a) polychronic
- b) controversial
- c) monochronic ✓**
- d) educated

33. He was tired; _____, he continued working.

- a) however
- b) nevertheless ✓**
- c) therefore
- d) despite

34. Parents have an _____ to care for their children.

- a) obligation ✓**
- b) innovation
- c) validation
- d) tolerance



35. The idea _____ from a student discussion.

- a) originated** ✓
- b) transcended
- c) tolerated
- d) formulated

36. You need _____ to enter this building.

- a) validation
- b) permission** ✓
- c) survey
- d) value

37. Steve Jobs was a _____ in the tech industry.

- a) pioneer** ✓
- b) researcher
- c) critic
- d) innovator

38. _____ people can handle many tasks at once.

- a) polychronic** ✓
- b) monochronic
- c) tolerant
- d) educated

39. There is a strong _____ of rain tomorrow.

- a) theory
- b) tradition
- c) possibility** ✓
- d) generation

40. Daily _____ improves your language skills.

- a) custom
- b) practice** ✓
- c) prediction
- d) impact

41. The scientist made a _____ about climate change.

- a) prediction** ✓
- b) recommendation
- c) commentary
- d) attitude

42. _____ helps us understand personal space.

- a) validation
- b) proxemics** ✓
- c) etiquette
- d) culture



43. The teacher wrote a _____ letter for her student.
a) validation
b) recommendation ✓
c) prediction
d) value
44. The _____ collected data from several universities.
a) pioneer
b) researcher ✓
c) innovator
d) educator
45. The company _____ its employees for great work.
a) rewarded ✓
b) criticized
c) validated
d) tolerated
46. The meeting is _____ for Monday morning.
a) validated
b) scheduled ✓
c) transcended
d) originated
47. A red light _____ that you must stop.
a) symbolizes
b) signifies ✓
c) tolerates
d) practices
48. It's unfair to judge people based on _____.
a) innovations
b) stereotypes ✓
c) generations
d) values
49. Students completed a _____ about their study habits.
a) survey ✓
b) project
c) validation
d) recommendation
50. Einstein's _____ of relativity changed physics.
a) practice
b) value
c) theory ✓
d) obligation



51. Cultural _____ is essential for peace.

a) tolerance ✓

- b) innovation
- c) etiquette
- d) validation

52. She doesn't _____ any form of disrespect.

a) tolerate ✓

- b) validate
- c) behave
- d) formulate

53. Celebrating national day is a beautiful _____.

- a) value
- b) practice

c) tradition ✓

- d) attitude

54. True art _____ time and culture.

a) transcends ✓

- b) originates
- c) tolerates
- d) validates

55. Meditation helps achieve a sense of _____.

- a) validation

b) transcendence ✓

- c) education
- d) innovation

56. The scientist _____ his results through experiments.

- a) originated

b) validated ✓

- c) tolerated
- d) transcended

57. The new software requires _____ before use.

a) validation ✓

- b) education
- c) reward
- d) tolerance

58. We should _____ honesty and hard work.

a) value ✓

- b) formulate
- c) tolerate
- d) conduct



للحصول على الملخصات الحصرية مع الشرح
عن طريق المعهد 66837797

للاضمام لقروبات الدراسية العامة

EL097 - EL098 - EL099 - EL111 - EL112
EL117 - EL118 - EL119 - E120 - E121- EL122
EL330 - TR102 - A112A/B - L201A/B
A230A/B - E304A/B - EA300A/B

- ✓ نخبة من الأساتذة والمدرسين ذوي خبرة
من خريجين / خريجات AOU بمرتبة الشرف.
- ✓ شروحات مجانية وآخر الاخبار الحصرية.
- ✓ أفضل الملخصات المجانية (المحدثة).



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